State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-fifth Legislature First Regular Session 2001

CHAPIER 370

HOUSE BILL 2527

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 20-224.03, 41-1524, 41-1525, 41-1525.01, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 41, CHAPTER 10, ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 41-1527; AMENDING SECTIONS 43-1074 AND 43-1161, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING LAWS 1996, CHAPTER 344, SECTION 12; RELATING TO ENTERPRISE ZONES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 20-224.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

20-224.03. <u>Premium tax credit for increased employment in enterprise zones; definition</u>

- A. A tax credit is allowed against the premium tax liability incurred by an insurer pursuant to section 20-224, 20-837, 20-1010, 20-1060 or 20-1097.07 for net increases in qualified employment positions of residents of this state by an insurer that is located in an enterprise zone established under title 41, chapter 10, article 2. A tax credit is not allowed for the portion of the tax payable to the fire fighters' relief and pension fund pursuant to section 20-224 or the portion of the tax payable to the public safety personnel retirement system pursuant to section 20-224.01. The amount of the tax credit is equal to:
- 1. One-fourth of the taxable wages paid to an employee in a qualified employment position, not to exceed five hundred dollars, in the first year or partial year of employment.
- 2. One-third of the taxable wages paid to an employee in a qualified employment position, not to exceed one thousand dollars per qualified employment position, in the second year of continuous employment.
- 3. One-half of the taxable wages paid to an employee in a qualified employment position, not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars per qualified employment position, in the third year of continuous employment.
 - B. To qualify for a credit under this section:
- 1. All of the employees with respect to whom a credit is claimed must reside in this state.
- 2. Thirty-five per cent of the employees with respect to whom a credit is claimed for the first year of employment must reside on the date of hire in an enterprise zone that is located in the same county in which the insurer is located.
- 3. A qualified employment position must meet all of the following requirements:
- (a) The position must be a minimum of one thousand seven hundred fifty hours per year of full-time employment.
- (b) The employment must include health insurance coverage for the employee for which the employer pays at least fifty per cent of the premium or membership cost.
- (c) The employer must pay compensation at least equal to the wage offer by county as computed annually by the department of economic security research administration division.
- (d) The employee must have been employed for at least ninety days during the first taxable year. An employee who is hired during the last ninety days of the taxable year shall be considered a new employee during the next taxable year.

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- (e) The employee has not been previously employed by the taxpayer within twelve months before the current date of hire.
- C. The net increase in the number of qualified employment positions shall be determined by comparing the average number of qualified employment positions during the taxable year with the immediately preceding taxable year according to the report REQUIRED BY SECTION 41-1525 AND filed by the insurer with the department of commerce.
- D. Pursuant to subsection A of this section, if the allowable tax credit exceeds the state premium tax liability, the amount of the claim not used as an offset against the state premium tax liability may be carried forward as a tax credit against subsequent years' state premium tax liability for the period, not to exceed five taxable years, provided that the insurer remains in an enterprise zone.
- E. An insurer that claims a tax credit against state premium tax liability is not required to pay any additional retaliatory tax imposed pursuant to section 20-230 as a result of claiming that tax credit.
- F. A failure to report and certify to the department of commerce the information prescribed by section 41-1525, subsection A, paragraphs 2 and 3 disqualifies the insurer from the credit under this section.
- G. THE TERMINATION OF AN ENTERPRISE ZONE DOES NOT AFFECT THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO:
- 1. INSURERS THAT HAVE EMPLOYEES IN THE SECOND AND THIRD YEARS OF EMPLOYMENT IN QUALIFIED EMPLOYMENT POSITIONS UNDER SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPHS 2 AND 3 OF THIS SECTION IF THE BUSINESS REMAINS IN THE LOCATION THAT WAS IN THE ENTERPRISE ZONE.
- 2. AMOUNTS CARRIED FORWARD INTO SUBSEQUENT TAXABLE YEARS UNDER SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION.
- G. H. The department may adopt rules necessary for the administration of this section.
- H. I. For the purposes of this section, "insurer" means any entity that is subject to premium tax liability pursuant to section 20-224, 20-837, 20-1010, 20-1060 or 20-1097.07.
 - Sec. 2. Section 41-1524, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 41-1524. Application for designation of an enterprise zone; term; renewal
- A. The commission shall apply to the department to designate a qualified area in the county as an enterprise zone. The application shall be in a form prescribed by the department and shall include:
 - 1. A map showing the proposed boundaries of the enterprise zone.
- 2. Evidence and certification of notice and a hearing held by the applicant before submitting the application.
- 3. A written narrative explaining the area and the development goals and strategy for the zone, the vacancy rates of residential, commercial and industrial structures and land use information.

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- 4. A plan for the management or administrative responsibility for the zone.
- 5. Incentives and initiatives that local governments in the proposed zone will provide or establish to encourage businesses to locate in the proposed zone. These may include economic or financial incentives or priorities, increased public services, improved infrastructure, structural rehabilitation and regulatory simplification and expedition.
- B. If the department finds after a public hearing that the area of application qualifies under this article, the department shall certify the area as an enterprise zone. The department shall provide notice of the certification to the department of revenue, the county assessor of any affected county, any affected municipality, the enterprise zone commission and each legislator whose district includes all or part of the zone.
- C. In any calendar year The department shall not certify the formation of more than six NEW enterprise zones in this state IN ANY CALENDAR YEAR. THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO THE RENEWAL OF EXISTING ENTERPRISE ZONES WITH NO CHANGE IN EXISTING BOUNDARIES OR TO ZONES CERTIFIED IN THE FIRST YEAR UNDER THE MOST RECENT UNITED STATES DECENNIAL CENSUS POVERTY DATA.
- C. D. The department shall set a termination date for the enterprise zone which shall be not more than five years after the date the zone is designated, UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW. During the last year before termination the commission may apply to renew the enterprise zone, and the department after a public hearing may renew the zone for consecutive terms of up to five years if the zone continues to meet the criteria prescribed by this article. THE RENEWAL OF AN ENTERPRISE ZONE MAY NOT INCLUDE A CHANGE IN THE ZONE BOUNDARIES.
 - Sec. 3. Section 41-1525, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 41-1525. <u>Tax incentives</u>
- A. The owner of a business or AN insurer that maintains a sales, service or claims office located in an enterprise zone before July 1, 2001 2006 is eligible for an income tax credit under section 43-1074 or 43-1161 or a premium tax credit under section 20-224.03 for net increases in qualified employment positions, except employment positions at a business location where MORE THAN TEN PER CENT OF THE BUSINESS CONDUCTED AT THE LOCATION CONSISTS OF SELLING tangible personal property is sold at retail, if the owner MEASURED BY THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES ASSIGNED TO RETAIL AT THE LOCATION IN THE ZONE. TO QUALIFY FOR A TAX CREDIT, THE OWNER MUST:
- 1. Certifies CERTIFY to the department of revenue the amount of compensation paid to qualified employees in the enterprise zone, the dates of employment and other information as requested.
 - 2. Certifies CERTIFY to the department of commerce:
- (a) That at least thirty-five per cent of the new qualified employees are residents of the zone on the date of employment. To satisfy the thirty-five per cent residency requirement, all contiguous or noncontiguous

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zones in the county from which employers hire eligible workers shall be treated as one zone.

- (b) THAT NOT MORE THAN TEN PER CENT OF THE EMPLOYEES AT THE LOCATION IN THE ENTERPRISE ZONE ARE ASSIGNED TO SELLING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AT RETAIL.
 - 3. Reports REPORT annually to the department of commerce:
 - (a) The business name and mailing address.
 - (b) The business location.
- (c) The number of employees for which it received income tax credits or premium tax credits.
- (d) The amount of compensation paid to employees qualified for the credit.
- (e) That the employer has paid at least fifty per cent of the premium or membership cost of health insurance coverage for employees qualified for the income tax credit or premium tax credit for increased employment in enterprise zones.
- (f) The total amount of income tax credits or premium tax credits received for that year.
 - (g) Capital investment made in the zone.
- (h) Other information necessary for the management and reporting of this program, including information on health insurance coverage for qualified employment positions.
- B. Real and personal property within an enterprise zone which is owned or used by a small manufacturing business that is certified by the department pursuant to section 41-1525.01 before July 1, 2001 2006 shall be assessed as class six property as provided by section 42-12006.
- C. DOCUMENTS FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE UNDER SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION SHALL CONTAIN EITHER A SWORN STATEMENT OR CERTIFICATION, UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IS TRUE AND CORRECT ACCORDING TO THE BEST BELIEF AND KNOWLEDGE OF THE PERSON SUBMITTING THE INFORMATION. IF THE DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION THAT IS MATERIALLY FALSE, THE TAXPAYER IS INELIGIBLE FOR THE TAX INCENTIVES UNDER SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION AND IS SUBJECT TO RECOVERY OF THE AMOUNT OF TAX INCENTIVES ALLOWED IN PRECEDING TAXABLE YEARS BASED ON THE FALSE INFORMATION.
- Sec. 4. Section 41-1525.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

41-1525.01. <u>Certification of small manufacturing businesses:</u> <u>definitions</u>

- A. Through June 30, 2001 2006, the department of commerce shall certify small manufacturing businesses that qualify for property tax incentives under section 41-1525, subsection B. To qualify under this section:
- 1. An existing small manufacturing business that is already located in the enterprise zone and has a profitable operating history for the two

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most recent years must invest at least two million dollars in fixed assets in the zone after December 31, 1995. Investment may be cumulative. Certification is effective on January 1 of the year following completion of the required investment.

- 2. 1. A small manufacturing business that is newly located in the zone must invest at least two million dollars in fixed assets in the zone after December 31, 1995 MUST MEET THE MINIMUM INVESTMENT REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED BY THIS PARAGRAPH. Investment THE INVESTMENTS may be cumulative. Certification is effective on January 1 of the year following completion of the required investment. TO QUALIFY, THE SMALL MANUFACTURING BUSINESS MUST INVEST AT LEAST THE FOLLOWING AMOUNT, AS APPLICABLE, IN FIXED ASSETS IN THE ZONE AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1995:
- (a) IN COUNTIES WITH A POPULATION OF TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND PERSONS OR MORE, TWO MILLION DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISION (b).
- (b) IN ALL OTHER COUNTIES, AND FOR CITIES AND TOWNS LOCATED IN COUNTIES WITH A POPULATION OF TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND PERSONS OR MORE AND THAT HAVE NO PORTION OF THE CORPORATE BOUNDARIES LOCATED WITHIN TWENTY-FIVE AIR MILES FROM THE EXTERIOR CORPORATE BOUNDARY OF THE LARGEST CITY IN THE COUNTY:
- (i) CITIES WITH A POPULATION OF EIGHTY THOUSAND PERSONS OR MORE, TWO MILLION DOLLARS.
- (ii) CITIES AND TOWNS WITH A POPULATION OF AT LEAST TEN THOUSAND BUT LESS THAN EIGHTY THOUSAND PERSONS AND IN UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF THE COUNTY, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
- (iii) CITIES AND TOWNS WITH A POPULATION OF LESS THAN TEN THOUSAND PERSONS, FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.
- 3. 2. A certified small MANUFACTURING business must report annually to the department of commerce:
 - (a) Business name and mailing address.
 - (b) Business location.
 - (c) Number of employees.
 - (d) Value of property certified.
- (e) Other information necessary for the management and reporting of this program.
- B. The department shall not certify any business for qualification for property tax incentives after June 30, 2001 2006. However, certification under this section is valid for five years regardless of whether under changing circumstances the business grows beyond the limits of a small business and regardless of whether the enterprise zone continues in existence.
- C. The department of commerce shall notify the department of revenue and the county assessor if a certified small manufacturing business closes or moves from the enterprise zone, and the assessor shall make the appropriate changes to the tax roll.
 - D. For purposes of this section:

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- 1. "Manufacturing" means fabricating, producing or manufacturing products, wares or articles for use from raw or prepared materials. AND imparting to those materials new forms, qualities, properties and combinations.
- 2. "Minority owned business" means a business of which a majority of the business is owned by African Americans, persons of Hispanic or Latin American ancestry and persons of Native American, Asian or other minority origin or descent.
- 3. "Small business" means a minority owned business, a woman owned business or a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, and employs less than one hundred full-time employees at the location in the enterprise zone or had gross annual receipts of less than four million dollars in its last fiscal year.
- 4. "Woman owned business" means a business of which a majority of the business is owned by one or more women.
- Sec. 5. Title 41, chapter 10, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 41-1527, to read:

41-1527. <u>Annual reports: department of commerce: department of revenue</u>

- A. ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 30 OF EACH YEAR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SHALL TRANSMIT A REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR, THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE CHAIRPERSONS OF THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, AND SHALL PROVIDE A COPY OF THIS REPORT TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND THE DIRECTOR OF THE ARIZONA STATE LIBRARY, ARCHIVES AND PUBLIC RECORDS. THE REPORT SHALL CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
- 1. THE NUMBER, SIZE AND LOCATION OF ALL ENTERPRISE ZONES ESTABLISHED AS OF THE END OF THE PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.
- 2. THE BUSINESS NAMES, LOCATIONS, NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES AND AMOUNT OF COMPENSATION PAID TO EMPLOYEES QUALIFYING FOR INCOME TAX CREDITS AS REPORTED TO THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 41-1525 IN EACH ENTERPRISE ZONE.
- 3. THE AMOUNT OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT, MADE DURING THE PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR AND CUMULATIVELY, IN EACH ENTERPRISE ZONE.
- 4. THE NUMBER OF MINORITY OWNED BUSINESSES, WOMAN OWNED BUSINESSES AND OTHER SMALL MANUFACTURING BUSINESSES CERTIFIED FOR PROPERTY TAX INCENTIVES PURSUANT TO SECTION 41-1525.01 IN THE PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR AND CUMULATIVELY, IN EACH ENTERPRISE ZONE, AND FOR EACH SUCH BUSINESS:
 - (a) THE NAME AND LOCATION.
 - (b) THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES.
- (c) THE FULL CASH VALUE OF THE PROPERTY QUALIFYING FOR CLASSIFICATION AS CLASS SIX PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-12006.
- B. ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 30 OF EACH YEAR THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SHALL TRANSMIT A REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR, THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE CHAIRPERSONS OF THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE,

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OR THEIR SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, AND SHALL PROVIDE A COPY OF THIS REPORT TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND THE DIRECTOR OF THE ARIZONA STATE LIBRARY, ARCHIVES AND PUBLIC RECORDS. THE REPORT SHALL CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

- 1. THE FULL CASH VALUE AND ASSESSED VALUATION OF PROPERTY CLASSIFIED AS CLASS SIX PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-12006, PARAGRAPH 4 IN EACH ENTERPRISE ZONE AND THE ASSESSED VALUATION OF THAT PROPERTY IF IT WAS NOT CLASSIFIED AS CLASS SIX.
- 2. THE FISCAL IMPACT ON EACH TAXING JURISDICTION FOR THE CURRENT TAX YEAR OF CLASSIFYING PROPERTY IN ENTERPRISE ZONES AS CLASS SIX RATHER THAN IN THE CLASSIFICATION IN WHICH IT WOULD OTHERWISE BE CLASSIFIED.
- 3. THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF INCOME TAX CREDITS ALLOWED FOR THE PRECEDING TAXABLE YEAR PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 43-1074 AND 43-1161.
 - Sec. 6. Section 43-1074, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 43-1074. Credit for increased employment in enterprise zones
- A. A credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for net increases in qualified employment positions of residents of this state by a business located in an enterprise zone established under title 41, chapter 10, article 2, except employment positions at a business location where MORE THAN TEN PER CENT OF THE BUSINESS CONDUCTED AT THE LOCATION CONSISTS OF SELLING tangible personal property is sold at retail, MEASURED BY THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES ASSIGNED TO RETAIL AT THE LOCATION IN THE ZONE. The amount of the credit is equal to:
- 1. One-fourth of the taxable wages paid to an employee in a qualified employment position, not to exceed five hundred dollars, in the first year or partial year of employment.
- 2. One-third of the taxable wages paid to an employee in a qualified employment position, not to exceed one thousand dollars per qualified employment position, in the second year of continuous employment.
- 3. One-half of the taxable wages paid to an employee in a qualified employment position, not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars per qualified employment position, in the third year of continuous employment.
 - B. To qualify for a credit under this section:
- 1. All of the employees with respect to whom a credit is claimed must reside in this state.
- 2. Thirty-five per cent of the employees with respect to whom a credit is claimed for the first year of employment must reside on the date of employment in an enterprise zone that is located in the same county in which the business is located.
- 3. A qualified employment position must meet all of the following requirements:
- (a) The position must be a minimum of one thousand seven hundred fifty hours per year of full-time employment.
- (b) The employment must include health insurance coverage for the employee for which the employer pays at least fifty per cent of THE premium or membership cost.

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- (c) The employer must pay compensation at least equal to the wage offer by county as computed annually by the department of economic security research administration division.
- (d) The employee must have been employed for at least ninety days during the first taxable year. An employee who is hired during the last ninety days of the taxable year shall be considered a new employee during the next taxable year.
- (e) The employee has not been previously employed by the taxpayer within twelve months before the current date of hire.
- C. The net increase in the number of qualified employment positions shall be determined by comparing the average number of qualified employment positions during the taxable year with the full-time employment during the immediately preceding taxable year ACCORDING TO THE REPORT REQUIRED BY SECTION 41-1525 AND FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.
- D. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the income taxes otherwise due on the claimant's income, or if there are no state income taxes due on the claimant's income, the amount of the claim not used as an offset against income taxes may be carried forward as a tax credit against subsequent taxable years' income tax liability, not to exceed five taxable years, provided the business remains in an enterprise zone.
- E. Co-owners of a business, including partners in a partnership and shareholders of an S corporation, as defined in section 1361 of the internal revenue code, may each claim only the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on the ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners of the business may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner of the business.
- F. A failure to report and certify to the department of commerce the information prescribed by section 41-1525, subsection A, paragraphs 2 and 3 disqualifies the taxpayer from the credit under this section.
- G. THE TERMINATION OF AN ENTERPRISE ZONE DOES NOT AFFECT THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO:
- 1. TAXPAYERS WHO HAVE EMPLOYEES IN THE SECOND AND THIRD YEARS OF EMPLOYMENT IN QUALIFIED EMPLOYMENT POSITIONS UNDER SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPHS 2 AND 3 OF THIS SECTION IF THE BUSINESS REMAINS IN THE LOCATION THAT WAS IN THE ENTERPRISE ZONE.
- 2. AMOUNTS CARRIED FORWARD INTO SUBSEQUENT TAXABLE YEARS UNDER SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION.
- G. H. The department may adopt rules necessary for the administration of this section.
 - Sec. 7. Section 43-1161, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 43-1161. <u>Credit for increased employment in enterprise zones</u>
- A. A credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for net increases in qualified employment positions of residents of this state by a business located in an enterprise zone established under title 41, chapter 10, article 2, except employment positions at a business location where MORE

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THAN TEN PER CENT OF THE BUSINESS CONDUCTED AT THE LOCATION CONSISTS OF SELLING tangible personal property is sold at retail, MEASURED BY THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES ASSIGNED TO RETAIL AT THE LOCATION IN THE ZONE. The amount of the credit is equal to:

- 1. One-fourth of the taxable wages paid to an employee in a qualified employment position, not to exceed five hundred dollars, in the first year or partial year of employment.
- 2. One-third of the taxable wages paid to an employee in a qualified employment position, not to exceed one thousand dollars per qualified employment position, in the second year of continuous employment.
- 3. One-half of the taxable wages paid to an employee in a qualified employment position, not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars per qualified employment position, in the third year of continuous employment.
 - B. To qualify for a credit under this section:
- 1. All of the employees with respect to whom a credit is claimed must reside in this state.
- 2. Thirty-five per cent of the employees with respect to whom a credit is claimed for the first year of employment must reside on the date of hire in an enterprise zone that is located in the same county in which the business is located.
- 3. A qualified employment position must meet all of the following requirements:
- (a) The position must be a minimum of one thousand seven hundred fifty hours per year of full-time employment.
- (b) The employment must include health insurance coverage for the employee for which the employer pays at least fifty per cent of the premium or membership cost.
- (c) The employer must pay compensation at least equal to the wage offer by county as computed annually by the department of economic security research administration division.
- (d) The employee must have been employed for at least ninety days during the first taxable year. An employee who is hired during the last ninety days of the taxable year shall be considered a new employee during the next taxable year.
- (e) The employee has not been previously employed by the taxpayer within twelve months before the current date of hire.
- C. The net increase in the number of qualified employment positions shall be determined by comparing the average number of qualified employment positions during the taxable year with the FULL-TIME EMPLOYMENT DURING THE immediately preceding taxable year according to the report REQUIRED BY SECTION 41-1525 AND filed by the enterprise zone with the department of commerce.
- O. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the income taxes otherwise due on the claimant's income, or if there are no state income taxes due on the claimant's income, the amount of the claim not used as an offset against

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income taxes may be carried forward as a tax credit against subsequent years' income tax liability for the period, not to exceed five taxable years, provided the business remains in an enterprise zone.

- E. Co-owners of a business, including partners in a partnership, may each claim only the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on the ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners of the business may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner of the business.
- F. A failure to report and certify to the department of commerce the information prescribed by section 41-1525, subsection A, paragraphs 2 and 3 disqualifies the taxpayer from the credit under this section.
- G. THE TERMINATION OF AN ENTERPRISE ZONE DOES NOT AFFECT THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO:
- 1. TAXPAYERS THAT HAVE EMPLOYEES IN THE SECOND AND THIRD YEARS OF EMPLOYMENT IN QUALIFIED EMPLOYMENT POSITIONS UNDER SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPHS 2 AND 3 OF THIS SECTION IF THE BUSINESS REMAINS IN THE LOCATION THAT WAS IN THE ENTERPRISE ZONE.
- 2. AMOUNTS CARRIED FORWARD INTO SUBSEQUENT TAXABLE YEARS UNDER SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION.
- G. H. The department may adopt rules necessary for the administration of this section.
 - Sec. 8. Laws 1996, chapter 344, section 12 is amended to read:
 - Sec. 12. Delayed repeal

Title 41, chapter 10, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, and sections 20-224.03, 43-1074 and 43-1161, Arizona Revised Statutes, are repealed from and after June 30, 2001 2006.

Sec. 9. Renewal of current enterprise zones

- A. Except as provided by subsection B of this section, the department of commerce may renew any enterprise zone that was in existence on January 1, 2001 for a period expiring on the earlier of five years after the date the zone was first established or December 31, 2005.
- B. The department may renew a zone that was initially established based on the poverty rate pursuant to section 41-1523, subsection A, paragraph 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, for a period expiring on the earlier of December 31, 2005 or December 31 of the first complete calendar year after the 2000 United States decennial census poverty data become available, as determined by the department.
- C. Any zone renewed under this section is subject to subsequent renewals in the manner prescribed by section 41-1524, Arizona Revised Statutes.

Sec. 10. <u>Emergency rules</u>

The department of commerce may adopt emergency rules pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 3, Arizona Revised Statutes, for purposes of administering this act.

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Sec. 11. Retroactivity

A. Sections 20-224.03, 43-1074 and 43-1161, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, apply retroactively to taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2000.

B. Laws 1996, chapter 344, section 12, as amended by this act, is effective retroactively to from and after June 30, 2001.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MAY 7, 2001.

FIXED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY 8, 2001.



Passed the House	arch 15, 20 <u>01</u> ,	Passed the Senate Q	pril 27	_,20 <u></u>
by the following vote:	49 Ayes,	by the following vote:	<i>a5</i>	Ayes,
4_Nays,		4_Nays	5,	Not Voting
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HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE AMENDMENTS AND FINAL PASSAGE

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